IN THE COURT OF CHANCERY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE

MARY LIM,

:

Plaintiff,

:

: Civil Action : No. 5529-CC

THE POWERWISE GROUP, INC., a :

:

Delaware corporation,

Defendant. :

- - -

Chancery Courtroom No. 1
Court of Chancery Courthouse
Georgetown, Delaware
Monday, November 1, 2010
2:40 p.m.

- - -

BEFORE: HON. WILLIAM B. CHANDLER III, Chancellor.

- - -

RULING OF CHANCELLOR CHANDLER

CHANCERY COURT REPORTERS

34 The Circle

Georgetown, Delaware 19947

(302) 856-5645

THE COURT: Frankly, as 220 cases go, this one has been rather obstreperous and hard-fought on both sides. Be that as it may, the principles and rules that guide Section 220 and that, therefore, guide my decision are not controversial.

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220 makes it very clear that a stockholder -- and here there is no dispute that Miss Lim is a stockholder -- is entitled to make a demand to inspect books and records of a company in which that stockholder holds an interest, so long as that request or that demand for inspection is based on a proper purpose; and that the documents that are sought or to be inspected are identified with some specificity; and that if there is an allegation that the purpose is to investigate a wrongdoing or fraud or management or waste, that the stockholder articulate some credible basis -- those are the magic words, credible basis -- for the demand; and that the documents that are sought be necessary and essential for the stockholder to investigate for that proper purpose.

Now, in this case, Miss Lim, who is indisputably a stockholder of PowerWise, has articulated two different purposes for her inspection

demand. One purpose is to value her stock ownership interest in PowerWise.

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The second purpose is to investigate potential wrongdoing or mismanagement and to attempt to determine whether or not she could file some derivative complaint, I suppose, that would comply with Rule 23.1, that is, would be able to allege with some particularity whether or not the directors of PowerWise were interested or conflicted in a manner that would cause them not to be objectively able to determine whether an action should be brought on behalf of the company for some alleged loss or malfeasance or wrong.

Now, that's the predicate for applying 220, and all of our 220 law is addressed to those fundamental elements of the test: Stockholder status, a proper demand, a proper purpose, the scope of the demand, and the essentiality or sufficiency of the records sought to provide the needed inspection.

To repeat, here, there is no dispute that Miss Lim is a stockholder. There is no dispute that I've heard that she made a proper demand under 220, that is, a written demand under oath, et cetera. So the real battleground has been drawn over the

purpose that Miss Lim has identified, and secondarily, to whether the scope of the demand is really excessive and unnecessary to provide her with what she needs.

The company, PowerWise, has, in fact, provided Miss Lim with a significant amount of information; in particular, the private placement memorandum which fills the better part of a three-ring binder and was provided to Miss Lim, I think, during the course of this litigation. So the company's position really is that that's adequate and sufficient information for her to go about determining the value of her shares.

Now, Miss Lim's position, in contrast, is that she can't really rely specifically and solely on the private placement memorandum; that there are additional documents and records of information that she would need, more precisely, that her expert would need, because Miss Lim quite honestly and candidly has indicated that she would not be able to even use that information herself, because of her lack of formal training or education, to determine whether it bears in some material and meaningful way on the valuation metrics that would apply to this company, along with the information that's already in the private

placement memorandum. That's where the battleground lines are drawn.

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Having said all that, let me make a couple of independent observations. One very obvious one is that Miss Lim is the only witness who has testified in this case. She's the only live witness who has come before the Court with respect to the demand and the nature of it and her purpose, and she's been in front of me for a few hours today. And I've observed her carefully, and I've listened to her testimony carefully, and I've watched her demeanor as she has testified during examination in direct and examination in cross by Mr. Rollo.

First, there is nothing that I heard

Miss Lim say that causes me to have concerns or doubts

about her trustworthiness or credibility with respect

to the testimony she's offering to me. I accept her

testimony as sincere, genuine, and credible testimony.

It's clear to me that Miss Lim made this investment for personal reasons; that she at this point is deeply concerned about the value of her stock and the potential loss of her investment in part or in whole. I'm willing to accept all of that as credible and believable.

There has been some discussion about whether or not Miss Lim's lack of experience, is the way I'll put it, lack of experience in valuing a firm, or in valuing the stock of a firm, whether a privately held firm like this company or a publicly held firm that she might otherwise have invested in, is somehow indicative of the fact that she doesn't need this information. And I understand that argument and I understand the point of it, but I really can't accept it.

First, I'm not aware of really any principle in our law that would suggest that stockholders making 220 demands have to be skilled in reading financial statements, or profit and loss statements, proxy statements, or anything. There is no real requirement that they have any degree of financial savvy. They can be complete neophytes and still be entitled under our law to inspect books and records.

It may well be in such cases that they have to have some assistance to be able to even understand the records that they're asking to inspect. So that's why 220 provides very clearly for the Court to impose stipulations or limitations on the access

that the stockholder has to the information.

They may have to sign and will have to sign very often a confidentiality agreement or stipulation that they agree that the information that's provided is to be held in complete confidence and cannot be used for any other purposes, and that any expert or any advisor that they wish to have review those documents to assist the stockholder must also execute that confidentiality agreement or stipulation in order to have access to the documents to assist the stockholder.

So with respect to the claim that, somehow, Miss Lim's naivete, if you will, with respect to the valuations and so on is indicative of a lack of good faith or a lack of bona fides with respect to her request, I really can't accept that premise or that argument.

Likewise, with respect to -- and I understand Mr. Rollo's point here -- with respect to Miss Lim's lack of any present intention to sell her stock or lack of any future intention to sell her stock, or lack of any present or future intention to buy any more stock in PowerWise, it doesn't, at least in my mind, in this case, detract from or undermine

the good faith I believe she's exhibited in trying to understand and learn more about PowerWise's operation so that she can do -- or her experts can help her do a calculation of the precise value of the company.

And so that lack of intention to sell or buy stock, now or in the future, does not denigrate from her present good faith intentions to try to understand the valuation metrics and pricing scheme for PowerWise so that she will know the precise situation that her personal investment is in at this particular stage in this company's life.

So having said all that, I'll turn specifically to my decision under 220 for this request.

I'm going to grant Miss Lim's request for inspection, and I'm going to use the Exhibit No. 65, because I think this really lays it out. There are actually, I believe, 12 different categories under Exhibit 65, Joint Exhibit 65. I'm only going to grant 11 out of the 12 categories for inspection purposes.

And I'll go through those because I want to ask Mr. Pileggi and Mr. Rollo to provide a form of order for me to sign, but I'll go through it slowly so that you can follow along for purposes of my

1 ruling.

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First, I'm ordering production for inspection and copying those documents or records which will clarify the loss that has actually occurred in 2009. Now, PowerWise actually agrees to do this.

Mr. Rollo represented that they were willing, able and ready to provide clarification about the discrepancy in the loss for 2009. So I'm ordering it, but it sounds to me like that was more or less stipulated to, in any event.

Secondly, I am going to order that

PowerWise produce for the years 2007, 2008, and 2009,

its federal and state income tax returns, including

schedules, exhibits and attachments, because I think

those do go to the question of Miss Lim's ability to

calculate what the potential operating results of this

company actually are and be able to make comparisons

to what is said about the company's operations and

projected future under the private placement

memorandum. And those could well help Miss Lim

ascertain more definitively her value of her stock

investment in PowerWise. So I will order that

category of documents.

Third, I will direct the production

for inspection and copying of minutes of the boards and directors meetings or shareholder meetings from January 2008 up to the present. These minutes will be produced subject to the limitation that they're to be limited to discussions of either past or future stock issuances, past or future pricing metrics for stock issuances of PowerWise, all of which, if there are supporting documents in connection with those minutes regarding those future pricings or present pricings of the stock of PowerWise, those documents might as well be produced along with the minutes.

The next category, on the bottom of Page 1 of the three pages, is the category that I'm not ordering production. That's valuation reports in the last three years. The representation is the company has no valuation reports. Based on that representation of record to the Court, I'm not going to order the production of something that does not exist.

Moving on to the second page of the three pages, I'm going to order the production for inspection and copying documents that concern the price of stock shares that were most recently issued and sold by PowerWise, and precisely how that price

1 calculation for those recently sold shares was

2 | calculated, which obviously goes to the question of

Miss Lim's ability to determine the value of her own

4 interests.

Next, documents regarding the issuance of additional shares that are planned, if any. If there are none planned, then obviously, there would be no documents to be produced for inspection and copying. But if future issuances are planned, then any documents concerning them, either in minutes of meetings or in reports or memos concerning the future issuance of additional shares, must be produced for the same valuation reason.

Next, 6th, by my category, 6th category would be documents regarding the Smart Energy settlements. Any documents, that would be reports, memos, meeting minutes, that concern the Smart Energy settlement I think clearly relate to or could potentially reflect on the stock valuation for PowerWise. To the extent that you're pricing stock or other assets of the company in order to enter into a settlement, that would bear directly on one's ability to value one's own interest in the company.

7th, documents regarding potential

- 1 | markets or existing markets that the company is
- 2 targeting for product development or product sales.
- 3 | That information relates to PowerWise's future
- 4 expected cash flows and would, therefore, be important
- 5 | for any expert to be able to calculate potential value
- 6 of stock in the company.
- 7 Category 8, distribution agreements,
- 8 and Category 9, manufacturing agreements. For similar
- 9 reasons, these documents would bear on future
- 10 projected cash flow, potential revenue streams for
- 11 | PowerWise, and they would, therefore, relate to stock
- 12 pricing or stock valuation metrics.
- In addition, I'm ordering as part of
- 14 this production that any board minutes and/or special
- 15 | committee meeting minutes related to either the
- 16 | manufacturing agreement or distribution agreement
- 17 | between PowerWise and Smart Savings be produced as
- 18 part of that production for inspection.
- 19 10th, documents regarding estimates of
- 20 | projected sales, including volumes and margins for
- 21 | such sales. Again, those documents, to the extent
- 22 | they exist and only if they do exist, should be
- 23 | produced for inspection as they relate to any expert's
- 24 | ability to calculate future cash flows of the company

in order to value the company and, derivatively, the stock in the company.

Finally, 11th, documents regarding each product of the company, and whether different products are at different stages of development, and whether or not a particular product is pending certification or has already obtained certification to be sold in the marketplace. Those questions, any expert would want to know in order to determine whether or not projected future cash flows from the sale of those products is meaningful or real and would bear directly on any potential direct calculation of firm value and, therefore, stock value.

Any production ordered of the 11 categories that I've just mentioned will be pursuant to a confidentiality agreement that will be entered into between the company and Miss Lim and any expert that Miss Lim intends to rely upon to assist her in her determination of stock value.

Counsel, that's my ruling. If there are questions, I realize you're probably going to want to look at the transcript of this, and I appreciate that, but if there are any immediate applications that you can think of, I'll entertain them now.

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MR. PILEGGI: Your Honor, I was just
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    going to ask if we could suggest some possible
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    timeline, timetable.
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                     THE COURT: For?
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                    MR. PILEGGI: For the production.
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    should be able to agree to it among ourselves.
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                     THE COURT: I think you should.
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    you can't, write to me and suggest to me what you
    think is a reasonable timeline.
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                                      I'll look at that and
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    probably split the difference or something like that.
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                                   Thank you, Your Honor.
                    MR. PILEGGI:
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                     THE COURT: Anything else?
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                    MR. ROLLO: Just one point of
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    clarification on the final category concerning the
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    descriptions of products and documents and whatnot.
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    The other categories, you made reference to minutes
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    and things along those lines, we have the PPM out
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    there giving some of this description.
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                     In terms of the nature of the
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    documents that you think need to be produced in that
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    context, I know Your Honor said status of
2.2
    certification. Is it summaries?
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                     I'm assuming we're not talking about
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    e-mails, things along those lines, based on Vice
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Chancellor Lamb's prior comments, but can you give us examples of the type of documents that you thing might be appropriate?

ought to have some type of descriptions, for marketing purposes or for internal development purposes, descriptions of a particular product, whether it's in a -- even if we've simply got a patent pending or whether we've got a patent granted and we're ready to go into preproduction, and descriptions of that product and what its intended uses are.

And if there are then further elaborations on, this is a product that we think would have particular use in South America or Asia or some other part of the world, these are the markets we think we out to explore and develop for this particular product, then I think that that would be what I was envisioning when I mentioned those types of products, the certifications, strategies and stage of development.

So not every e-mail, Mr. Rollo, that might go back and forth about a particular product.

Does that help at all?

MR. ROLLO: It absolutely does.

1	THE COURT: If you run into
2	difficulties, I'm not hard to reach. Again, get on
3	the phone and call me. I'd be happy to take your call
4	and try to help you work out any issues.
5	MR. PILEGGI: Thank you, Your Honor.
6	MR. ROLLO: Thank you, Your Honor.
7	(Trial concluded at 3:00 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

I, JEANNE CAHILL, Official Court
Reporter for the Court of Chancery of the State of
Delaware, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages
numbered 3 through 17 contain a true and correct
transcription of the proceedings as stenographically
reported by me at the hearing in the above cause
before the Vice Chancellor of the State of Delaware,
on the date therein indicated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand at Wilmington, this 1st day of November, 2010.

/s/ Jeanne Cahill

Official Court Reporter of the Chancery Court State of Delaware

Certificate Number: 160-PS

Expiration: Permanent